

House of Commons CANADA

Standing Committee on National Defence

NDDN • NUMBER 009 • 2nd SESSION • 39th PARLIAMENT

EVIDENCE

Thursday, January 31, 2008

Chair

Mr. Rick Casson



Standing Committee on National Defence

Thursday, January 31, 2008

● (1535)

[English]

The Chair (Mr. Rick Casson (Lethbridge, CPC)): We'll call the meeting to order.

Before we get started, I would like to ask a favour of the committee. If we could in any way wrap up this meeting just a little early, the chair and some others here would really appreciate it. But that's your call. We are here until 5:30, if need be.

Mr. Coderre.

[Translation]

Hon. Denis Coderre (Bourassa, Lib.): Mr. Chairman, with the committee's permission, I would like us to settle the issue of the motion immediately.

[English]

The Chair: Is there a consensus for that?

Some hon. members: Agreed. **The Chair:** Okay, we will do that.

The motion has been presented and circulated, with notice given, and we will deal with it now. I'll ask Mr. Hawn to introduce it and then give each party an opportunity to comment or give their thoughts about that.

Go ahead, Mr. Hawn.

 $\mathbf{Mr.}$ Laurie Hawn (Edmonton Centre, CPC): Thank you, Mr. Chair.

People have the motion before them. I'm going to make one small suggestion for a change, but mainly the motion is so that people have an opportunity to question the Manley panel, to challenge them or whatever, to question ministers of the crown—Defence, Foreign Affairs, CIDA—and potentially to call and question other witnesses over a fairly compressed period.

What we're suggesting is what would amount to six meetings, I believe, to February 28. Obviously it's an item of intense public interest, of intense parliamentary interest. We think it's in Canadians' interests, and, frankly, parliamentarians' interests, to have the opportunity to do that in public. There are many different sides to this debate, and we feel they all need to be aired. We feel that airing them with the Manley panel—who came up with, we thought, a fairly concise report—and the ministers involved would be in the interests of public information, obviously in the interests of democracy, and in the interests of collectively helping us to make

a decision on the Afghanistan mission question when it ultimately comes up in the House.

There's going to be debate in the House, of course, and probably fairly lively debate. We think, as members of this committee and the foreign affairs committee, that if anybody ought to be as up to speed on it as possible, it would be the members of these two committees.

The same process is going on at the foreign affairs committee right now, and since we don't know what they're going to do and they don't know what we're going to do ultimately, I would put out the option of adding in the first line, after "Pursuant to standing order 108(1)(a), that the committee meet jointly", the words "or individually". If they decide not to and we decide to, then we have the option of doing it individually.

I would suggest that an option of each committee doing it individually would get a little onerous in terms of the time we would be requesting of the people of the Manley panel, the ministers, and potentially other witnesses. So if they do decide to do it, then we would do it jointly, but if they decide not to do it and we do, we could have the option of doing it individually.

Then we can talk about or take some other suggestions as they come up for things—you know, the way we may want to actually make this work—but basically the motion would be that we meet jointly or individually, and the rest of the motion would stay the same

The Chair: I understand that the mover can't amend the motion before it's presented. But if necessary, we'll deal with that. I appreciate the—

Mr. Laurie Hawn: Well, I'll just put that out for somebody who may want to make an amendment that should be taken as friendly.

The Chair: The motion has been moved by Mr. Hawn.

Comments, Mr. Coderre?

● (1540)

[Translation]

Hon. Denis Coderre: Mr. Chairman, we will not be moving any amendments. We plan to vote against the motion as a whole. I had requested that the Minister of National Defence appear to speak to the issue of supply, but unfortunately, he was unavailable, or did not make himself available. Now, it would seem that he is available to testify.

Moreover, we have already conducted a study on Afghanistan. We are pretty familiar with this file. Many, if not all, members of the committee have travelled to Afghanistan. The Manley report commissioned by the Prime Minister has been tabled. I believe most, if not all, of us have read it.

I fail to see how what is being proposed here is relevant, particularly since we held a joint meeting before the holidays which was attended by the Minister of Foreign Affairs and the Minister of National Defence. Consequently, I think we can settle this matter quickly, Mr. Chairman.

I plan to vote against this amendment as a whole. [English]

The Chair: Mr. Cannis, did you have a comment as well, before I move on?

Mr. John Cannis (Scarborough Centre, Lib.): I did, Mr. Chairman. I'll try to be brief.

I have really thought about this over and over again, in the spirit of excellent cooperation in this committee that I've served on for so long. It's like reinventing the wheel, if I may just pick up from the comments, and I say this with the greatest of respect to the Manley team.

My good friend the parliamentary secretary, Laurie Hawn, talked about parliamentarians' interests, if I may quote: "question other witnesses", "helping us make a decision", "concise report", "for public information", "take other suggestions". Out of all that I quoted, the one thing I can really allow some validity to is "take other suggestions". All the other comments that I've tried to quote, my good friend, are in areas, Mr. Chairman—through you to the committee—that we belaboured for such an extensive period of time and through dozens and dozens of witnesses.

I would find it useless to call in other witnesses, because I think, with all due respect, we exhausted the witnesses we were looking to bring before the committee as we were putting our report on Afghanistan together—from academics, from former military people, experts in the military field, etc.

I also—and I'm very polite with this word—find it in some ways insulting to the committee, both current members and previous members, who had invested so much time and effort and zeal to put that report together.

I now have—thank you to our clerk—the response from the government. I'm going through it right now, so I'm not in a position to even comment and compare yet. I hope over the next little while to do so. I'm going through the Manley report, and my question on the Manley report, to which I already have the answers, is that I don't even think they met with one-tenth of the people we met, the experts. We unfortunately didn't have the opportunity to be on site, as they were, to see firsthand—at least I did not.... I know some members had the opportunity to visit, and you did the good work that you did.

The other concern, and I close with this, Mr. Chairman, is this. We know the time constraints when it comes to committee work. Each party has an allotment of a specific time, five minutes and so on. I would find it useless if we did not have a completely open session of unlimited time, if I may use that word, to get into the guts of asking

this panel or others to indulge in exchange with us. Speaking for myself, if I'm going to have five minutes in a second round for my questions and the answers I hope to get, I don't think I'm going to get very far.

So with that, I have great reservations, Mr. Chairman.

Thank you.

The Chair: Next on the list is Mr. Bouchard, and then Ms. Black. [*Translation*]

Mr. Robert Bouchard (Chicoutimi—Le Fjord, BQ): Thank you, Mr. Chairman.

As someone already said, it would be rather pointless to have Mr. Manley and his team appear before the committee. I do not think we would get any more information in the process. I am familiar with the main points of the report, since these have been widely addressed by the media. Furthermore, we have all made our positions known. I have been interviewed on the radio and I have commented on the report.

I also intend to vote against the motion.

• (1545)

[English]

The Chair: Thanks, Mr. Bouchard.

Ms. Black.

Ms. Dawn Black (New Westminster—Coquitlam, NDP): I think I concur with the other people on the opposition side of the table that it won't really foster a positive kind of debate in the public arena. The one time we had the joint committee meeting it was really a horrible experience. There wasn't an opportunity for any kind of real debate, and there were a number of witnesses appearing at the time. The only way I could describe it, and I think I did this privately with Laurie, is that it was like participating in a gong show, and I'm really not prepared to put myself or anyone else on the committee through that again.

The other thing I would say to the government is that I agree that the Manley report deserves to be debated. I believe it should be debated in the House, so I would urge the government to put forward a government motion—through the House under government orders—that would allow not only people on the defence or foreign affairs committee to participate in the debate, but would allow all members of Parliament who wished to participate to debate the recommendations of the Manley report. I think that would be far more democratic. It would allow all members of Parliament an opportunity to put their views forward.

That's my position. I won't be voting in favour of this motion.

The Chair: Thank you.

We have a bunch of people on the other side of the table who now want to speak—Mr. Lunney, Mr. Hawn, and Ms. Gallant—and then we'll go back to Mr. Bachand, and then over to Mr. Blaney.

Mr. Lunney.

Mr. James Lunney (Nanaimo—Alberni, CPC): I guess at some point I should stop prefacing my remarks by talking about being a new member on the committee, but I haven't had the privilege of going to Afghanistan as some of you have.

I'm kind of surprised, actually, at the response from members on the other side. As I had a quick review of the Manley report, I was quite impressed with the extensive list of people they met with on the ground over there, not only armed forces officials but Afghan officials, aid groups, and international groups from around the country and around the world participating in the rebuilding over there.

I think we all respect the members of the panel, from three different governments, three different former cabinet ministers and two different senior diplomats. But I think there must be an awful lot about what's going on on the ground over there that would be of value to the committee members to hear. I certainly would recognize that having a joint committee meeting is a bit of a challenge in terms of participation for members, and probably the ones who aren't in senior positions are likely to have a little less time than others in participating. I think on this side there's certainly room to discuss that formula, how that might work.

I would just like to express and appeal to our colleagues to consider that this is an issue that is certainly important for all of us. We're looking forward to the debate. There will be a debate in the House. And more information from people who have been on the ground over there would certainly help to inform that debate and would be of use to all of us, I would think.

I just submit those comments for consideration.

The Chair: Thank you, Mr. Lunney.

Mr. Hawn, did you want to make a comment? We are going by the speaking order. You're next, and then Ms. Gallant and Mr. Bachand.

Mr. Laurie Hawn: Thank you, Mr. Chair.

I have a couple of points I want to stress. We are willing to be flexible.

First of all, I accept what Mr. Cannis says about the fact that we all spend a lot of time listening to a lot of witnesses and so on. He also said we didn't have the opportunity for the on-site exposure that the Manley panel had. I suggested that would be a valuable addition to what we already know.

With respect to Ms. Black's comment, these things aren't a debate. The hearings with the Manley panel, whatever, are not supposed to be a debate. They're supposed to be for questioning and informing, not so much a matter of debate, which is what they would be. I would suggest that the kinds of folks who are going to lead the debate.... Whatever we do as a committee and whatever the foreign affairs committee does is not going to change the extent or the depth or the thoroughness of the debate in the House. What it would do is make members of this committee and their committee potentially better informed to lead the debate or participate in the debate from our own parties' perspectives as representatives who are perhaps better informed about everything than the average party member. I would throw that out as a benefit as well.

As Mr. Bouchard said, there are things.... We've all read the Manley panel. There are obviously things about it that we each would like to emphasize or de-emphasize, or agree with or disagree with. To me, that's an opportunity to get those points out in public, to re-emphasize whatever anybody's party or personal position is. It's a good opportunity to do that with the people who obviously have spent a lot of time looking at these things.

With respect to the questioning, Mr. Lunney brought up that the standard questioning order could become problematic, and I understand that from the points of view of the NDP and the Bloc. We would be willing to alter that, or to accept the suggestion that we alter it, to just go straight on party rotation. So it would go Liberal, Bloc, NDP, Conservative, Liberal, Bloc, NDP, Conservative. That would essentially give the NDP twice as many questions. It would essentially give the Bloc 50% more questions. It would give you more opportunity than you would normally get within a process like the one we have been following to get your points across, to press for the points that you want made public, and so on. I would think that would be to your liking.

We don't suggest doing this for everything, but this is a special case. I mean, this is the most high-profile thing in Parliament at the moment. It's probably the most high-profile thing in Canadian public opinion at the moment. This is, in our view, a great opportunity to highlight that to the public, to highlight parliamentarians, to ask tough questions, to do whatever you want to do. Again, it's not really a debate, but it's asking tough questions and hopefully getting answers, and at least highlighting the things you have concerns over.

With respect to the length, we suggested until February 28. I think if we want to shorten that up to make it more concise then I would totally agree with not recalling witnesses we've already heard from, because we know where they stand and so on, and limiting it to a couple of sessions with the Manley panel and a couple of sessions with the ministers. That would compress the timeframe and would I think cater to Mr. Cannis' concerns about having already heard a bunch of that. That's a valid point.

So I throw those out as suggestions that I think would meet a lot of the concerns that have been expressed here. I would just like to emphasize that this is an opportunity that we're trying to present in the interest of public information and in the interest of parliamentarians asking questions of the people who have framed the debate in a lot of ways. It would be a shame to see this committee turn down the opportunity to do that for the better information of ourselves as committee members and for the better information of the Canadian public. I think that would be, frankly, a disservice to the Canadian public and a disservice to Parliament.

So I throw out those things in the interest of trying to come to a positive conclusion on this, that we adopt a different questioning sequence, that we disregard hearing other witnesses, that we stick to the Manley panel and the panel of ministers, and that we do it jointly or individually—again, depending on what the other committee says.

• (1550)

To do it individually with each of those could potentially be explored as an option too, but I hope everybody understands that we're asking a lot of the Manley panel and the ministers to come back to each committee. That's asking an awful lot of those folks.

So I throw those out as friendly suggestions, and I hope they will be taken as such because it would be a terrible shame for us to miss the opportunity, and for the Canadian public to miss the opportunity, to sit in on that kind of an information session.

The Chair: Thank you.

Ms. Gallant, and then Mr. Bachand.

Mrs. Cheryl Gallant (Renfrew—Nipissing—Pembroke, CPC): Thank you, Mr. Chairman.

In the sense that the information is pretty familiar to us, yes, there is a lot of the same information we're seeing in the Manley report that we heard during testimony during our Afghanistan study. What is different are the conclusions they drew and their set of recommendations. I'd like to hear the panellists and ask them some questions, because we haven't had the opportunity to speak to them and determine how they drew their conclusions.

As Mr. Hawn mentioned, Canadians in general have not heard the witnesses, so we have an advantage over everyday Canadians by hearing firsthand what's happening on the ground in Afghanistan. I don't know if there's a reason why the opposition doesn't want the Canadian public to hear firsthand in the same way we did.

Insofar as the work plan being interrupted, the work plan has been abrogated by the opposition. Every time something topical comes up, or they just have a whim, we have bent. So now there is an issue of importance to all Canadians, not just this committee. I know we're outnumbered, but I think this is a worthwhile detour, and we can certainly get back to our qualify-of-life study as soon as possible and even put in extra time for the quality-of-life study, to catch up if necessary.

• (1555)

The Chair: Thank you for that, Ms. Gallant.

I have Mr. Bachand, Mr. Blaney, and Mr. Cannis. Then we'll have everybody have a crack at it here.

Mr. Bachand.

[Translation]

Mr. Claude Bachand (Saint-Jean, BQ): There are two ways of looking at the current situation: through the eyes of the Conservative Members or from the Opposition's perspective.

If I were a Conservative MP, I would certainly like to put Mr. Manley front and centre, especially since he is a Liberal and it would be like twisting the knife in his party's wound, so to speak. That's what I would like, if I were a Conservative. I would certainly endorse this idea. Furthermore, I would emphasize the fact that Mr. Manley is a very credible individual. I would be very much in favour of the idea, since Mr. Manley was appointed by my Prime Minister. How could I object? I would want to give him some credibility and to have him stay on the job as long as possible.

However, since I am not a Conservative MP, you need to understand that I will argue as hard as I can against this happening. I remind you that the Bloc was opposed to striking this panel of experts. We have also maintained that this was a job for parliamentarians. Consequently, you can understand that we are not in favour of giving this panel a second kick at the can.

If I were a Conservative MP, I think it would be in my best interest to block all committee meetings until the end of February. You all know what we have on our agenda. We plan to address a series of health-related issues that will prove quite controversial for the government. We will not just be dealing with the number of fatalities in Afghanistan, but also with the number of casualties and how the injured are being treated. Clearly then, if I were a Conservative MP, I would want to set the agenda aside until the end of February.

However, since I am not a Conservative MP, but rather an opposition member, I have to present arguments to the contrary.

As a Conservative MP, I would want to have all my ministers highly visible for one month. I would applaud the fact that four ministers put in an appearance, even though we virtually had no time to put any questions to them.

However, I am not a Conservative MP and I do not want to put Conservative ministers in the spotlight for one month.

If I were a Conservative MP, I would also be happy to hear my prime minister announce that he was going to Bucharest, without knowing exactly when a debate was scheduled. I would want to give my prime minister as much leeway as possible, by announcing that the debate would certainly not take place in the House, since the matter is on the agenda of the national defence and foreign affairs and international development committees and we need to await the outcome of their discussions. The Conservatives would save a lot of time by doing this, but I am not a Conservative MP.

A motion representing the government's position should be tabled in the House of Commons. It is the government's responsibility to act in this manner. That way, the Prime Minister would arrive in Bucharest with a mandate in hand. However, we have the feeling that the government is playing for time in an effort to win over the public.

Since I am not a Conservative MP, I cannot support this initiative. I hope my colleagues will not hold it against me. I do not harbour any ill will toward them because if I were in their shoes, I would be doing exactly as they are. However, they should not think ill of us either for not pursuing the same objectives.

● (1600)

[English]

The Chair: Thank you, Mr. Bachand.

Mr. Blaney, Mr. Cannis, Mr. Hawn, and then Mr. Lunney. I'm not going to let this go on too long, if that's okay.

Mr. Blaney.

[Translation]

Mr. Steven Blaney (Lévis—Bellechasse, CPC): Thank you, Mr. Chairman.

It was interesting to listen to Mr. Bachand's comments. Since I am a Conservative MP, I can speak for myself. I would have liked to hear him express his views as a responsible member of the Standing Committee on National Defence. That's more or less what I was expecting him to do.

I have to say, Mr. Chairman, that I am a little surprised to see some of my colleagues take this motion so lightly. There are moments in life when one should rise above partisan considerations. The mission to Afghanistan is one such moment, to my mind. Mr. Bachand, a member of the Quebec nation, needs to be reminded that this is the largest deployment of Quebec troops since World War II. In fact, the vast majority of the military involved in this mission are from Valcartier. From what I have heard, Prime Minister Mackenzie King once took part in a council of war held in this very forum.

One can either support, or oppose, the mission, but at this stage of the game, as members of the Standing Committee on National Defence, this is not the issue that we should be debating. The issue is not necessarily whether or not we agree with the report's findings—and I do think a certain number of findings have the support of some committee members. As parliamentarians, we have the tools with which to do a more in-depth analysis of the situation than what is being done in the House. I am talking here about the work of the parliamentary committee.

Our work is, of course, partisan in nature, but I like to think that we operate in a more constructive climate. Clearly, the stakes are high and we are mindful of what the mission to Afghanistan represents for Canadians. We are also mindful of the decision we need to make as parliamentarians where Afghanistan is concerned. Ultimately, we know that a decision will need to be made on the floor of the House. I think it is entirely relevant for this committee to review the work of the Manley Commission in advance of this vote and of the debate that will take place in the House.

Off the top of my head, I would say to Mr. Bachand that while I am indeed a Conservative MP, I see no reason why we cannot hold parallel special meetings to look into the work of the Manley Commission.

We are as concerned as you are, Mr. Bachand, about the health of our troops, especially since we are talking about Quebeckers from Lévis, Bellechasse and Les Etchemins. We are talking about Quebeckers from the Régiment de la Chaudière and from the 6th Field Regiment, about people with whom I deal either directly, or indirectly, through parents of our military forces members currently deployed to Afghanistan. I am just as interested as , if not more interested than you are, Mr. Bachand, about their condition when their mission ends.

There is one more interesting question that I would have liked to see discussed. I don't know if you've noticed, but mention is often made of the 3D approach, that is development, diplomacy and defence. We need to explore this approach further. We've talked about joint sessions of the national defence and foreign affairs and international development committees. How many times have I heard colleagues say—and rightfully so—that we need to focus on an integrated, synergistic approach. In this particular instance, we would like to do an analysis and to address this motion in an integrated way.

I sincerely invite my colleagues from all parties to carefully consider their position on this motion or on any similar motion that could be tabled. This exercise may prove interesting from time to time. All parties would withdraw their notices since they would be able to put matters into perspective.

There is one final point that I would like to address, Mr. Chairman. I admit that we have had an opportunity to comment on and to analyze the Manley report. However, some issues may not have been addressed in the report. It would be interesting to look at why this is so and to hear people's views on the subject. The only way to do that is to have them appear before the committee. Knowing how MPs like to be prepared, I am confident that some very interesting questions would be put to these individuals.

Summing up, Mr. Chairman, in my opinion it is important that my colleagues weigh the opportunity given to us by the parliamentary secretary, that is the opportunity to look more closely at the Manley report, whether in terms of availability or frequency.

• (1605)

An important principle is involved and I simply wanted to point that out to you, whether or not we are in camera.

Thank you.

[English]

The Chair: Thank you, sir.

We'll go to Mr. Cannis.

Mr. John Cannis: I just have one quick question, Mr. Chairman.

Not to get into this, but if we might possibly meet with this group in the future, if the clerk could maybe look into this and in advance get us a list of the witnesses this group met with, it would help us as we plan for the future.

The Chair: It's all in the report, towards the back of the report. It's all in there. It can be found very quickly.

We have a continuing list here. I'm going to give everybody a fair opportunity, but not an abusive opportunity, to give a point of view here

We'll have Mr. Lunney, Mr. Hawn, and then Ms. Black.

Mr. James Lunney: Well, I'll be brief.

Colleagues, I just want to say that I'm surprised. I've been a member of the House for many years. Although I'm new on this committee, I've served on other committees. I served a long time on the health committee. Whenever something came up on the health file that was germane to our area, we considered ourselves to be the best informed members in the House on a health matter. When it was the Romanow report, we wanted to hear from Commissioner Romanow; we had extensive hearings with the commissioner. When the Kirby report came in, we wanted to hear from Senator Kirby and from officials who sat with him and prepared that report. When we were talking about the Canadian Institutes of Health Research, and the chair was appointed, Dr. Alan Bernstein, we wanted to hear from the chair, because we were considered, and considered ourselves to be, more or less, the authoritative members when health issues came before the House. Whether it was the Quarantine Act or something else, we wanted to debate those issues.

Frankly, I think it is the responsibility of the committee to examine work in the area of expertise the committee is supposed to be holding the government to account on. I am quite frankly astounded that members on the opposite side would not want to avail themselves of this opportunity. It is the fundamental role of members to inform themselves about these issues and to challenge issues you don't agree with.

If members turn down what I see as a fundamental responsibility of committee members, I think it's going to reflect very poorly not only on the committee but certainly on the members who make such a decision.

The Chair: We'll have Mr. Hawn and then Ms. Black.

Mr. Laurie Hawn: Mr. Chair, I'll just wrap it up from our side. We've listened to a lot of talk, mainly from the Bloc and the NDP and us. I think members of the Liberal Party came with their minds pretty well made up and fairly closed, and that's their prerogative.

This is not to stall or slow down anything. It's similar to what Mr. Lunney said. It's an opportunity, which I think we have a responsibility to take, to talk to the people who have done a very extensive in-depth report that's going to affect Canada significantly. It's going to affect us internationally. It's going to affect our allies. It's going to affect fundamentally the people we're trying to help in Afghanistan.

Frankly, I think it's irresponsible for this committee not to take the opportunity to do that. It's for the benefit of the Canadian public and Parliament that we do that. I'm not angry at Mr. Bachand—I could never get angry at Mr. Bachand. But I have to say that I'm incredibly disappointed, if the vote goes the way it will apparently go, that the opposition members of this committee will deprive Canadians and deprive Parliament of the opportunity to hear some people that we should, frankly, hear.

We have compromised on this side to make it work, suggesting that we could meet even singly as a committee. We've compromised on the questioning to give the NDP twice as many questions as they would normally get and to give the Bloc 50% more questions than they would normally get. We've compromised on the original suggestion to make the whole process shorter. We've compromised to say, fine, let's not hear from additional witnesses; let's limit it to the Manley panel itself and the ministers involved.

We've compromised all along the way to try to make this work for the benefit of Canadians and for the benefit of Parliament. I just want to express my deep, deep disappointment, if that's the way this goes, that this committee has chosen to deny Canadians that opportunity. And I'll just leave it at that. • (1610)

The Chair: Thank you.

Ms. Black, yours is the last name on the list. Then we'll move on.

Ms. Dawn Black: Okay. Thanks very much.

I want you to know that I have considered it very carefully and have given it a great deal of thought. Mr. Hawn spoke to me about it earlier today or last night—the time rather blurs.

I believe the panel in fact hasn't approached the committee to speak. It's coming from the government side; I suppose it's the PMO that wants this. I see no indication that the panel is looking for this opportunity. They have been on virtually every media outlet across the country for the last week or so.

On the other issue, I must agree with my colleague from the Bloc. From the beginning this panel, I believe, was set up in many ways to contract out the work of parliamentarians. We had a lengthy study on the war of Afghanistan, we all wrote reports on it—and I have read the Manley report. What appears to me is that many of the conclusions or the recommendations in the report don't follow from the body of the report; they don't really make a great deal of sense.

If we really want the public to be well informed about the role of the Canadian mission and the NATO mission in Afghanistan, I think we would have more forthright answers in the House of Commons to questions we've all asked around the detainee issue, I think we would have more forthright conversations and debates on the issues when we raise them in the House, and I really believe—and I mean this sincerely—that if the government wants to have a full debate on the recommendations of the Manley report, then they would bring a motion to the House and allow it to come through under government orders, so that there would be an opportunity for all members of Parliament to raise the issues they see flowing not only out of the Manley report but also around the whole mission in Afghanistan and the need we have articulated for a change in direction.

The Chair: Thank you.

Some hon. members: Let us have a recorded vote.

The Chair: Okay. I'm ready to call the question. Is everybody ready for the question?

There's been a request that it be recorded.

(Motion negatived: nays 7; yeas 4)

The Chair: We'll suspend for thirty seconds while we move in camera.

[Proceedings continue in camera]

Published under the authority of the Speaker of the House of Commons Publié en conformité de l'autorité du Président de la Chambre des communes Also available on the Parliament of Canada Web Site at the following address: Aussi disponible sur le site Web du Parlement du Canada à l'adresse suivante : http://www.parl.gc.ca The Speaker of the House hereby grants permission to reproduce this document, in whole or in part, for use in schools and for other purposes such as private study, research, criticism, review or newspaper summary. Any commercial or other use or reproduction of this publication requires the

express prior written authorization of the Speaker of the House of Commons.

Le Président de la Chambre des communes accorde, par la présente, l'autorisation de reproduire la totalité ou une partie de ce document à des fins éducatives et à des fins d'étude privée, de recherche, de critique, de compte rendu ou en vue d'en préparer un résumé de journal. Toute reproduction de ce document à des fins commerciales ou autres nécessite l'obtention au préalable d'une autorisation écrite du Président.